



Understanding KSA's Personal Data Protection Law (PDPL)

WHAT IS KSA PDPL?

- » Saudi Arabia's PDPL regulates the collection, processing, and storage of personal data, enforced by **SDAIA** (Saudi Data & Artificial Intelligence Authority), ensuring compliance and enforcement.
- » Established to protect individuals' privacy and enforce responsible handling of data.

Who Does It Apply To?

Organizations operating within KSA, including public and private sectors.
 Organizations outside KSA processing data of KSA residents (extraterritorial applicability).
 Businesses interacting with Saudi residents must evaluate compliance obligations.

CONSUMER EXPECTATIONS AND PRIVACY PRIORITIES

70% of consumers are highly concerned about online privacy.

60% have switched services due to privacy risks.

93% of businesses rank privacy among their **top 10 risks**.



KEY IMPLICATIONS FOR BUSINESSES, REGULATORS, AND CONSUMERS:

- » Businesses must build trust through proactive compliance.
- » Strategies need to integrate privacy as part of corporate governance.
- » Enhancing transparency can reduce consumer skepticism and build loyalty.

WHY ARE DATA PRIVACY PROFESSIONALS WORRIED ABOUT COMPLIANCE?

1. Fear of Financial Penalties up to 5 million SAR and reputational damage.
2. Uncertainty in Implementation
3. Inadequate frameworks to address compliance gaps
4. Doubt About Organizational Readiness
5. Lack of centralized visibility into data ownership.
6. Failure to minimize data retention periods leads to data misuse risks.
7. Inconsistent data-sharing practices within organizational units.

Tips for Compliance Readiness

- Appoint Data Privacy Officers and establish accountability frameworks.
- Automate compliance activities like consent tracking and breach notifications.
- Perform regular audits to adapt to evolving regulations and detect gaps early.
- Educate employees on privacy risks and responsibilities with routine training.
- Leverage PrivacyOps software for data mapping, reporting, and compliance verification.
- Evaluate third-party vendors for compliance readiness and accountability.

What Privacy Professionals Need to Focus On



Consent Management:
Secure informed consent for data collection and ensure audit trails for compliance verification.



Data Subject Rights
Allow users to access, modify, or delete their data, ensuring quick response mechanisms.



Data Classification & Discovery
Identify and categorize sensitive data to streamline governance and compliance efforts.



Privacy Impact Assessments (PIAs/DPIAs)
Analyze data processing activities for risks and document mitigation plans.



Data Breach Notifications
Establish systems for quick detection, response, and reporting of breaches.

Real-Life Case Studies: Lessons Learned

CASE 1

A Leading Saudi Telecom Company

CHALLENGE
Reliance on manual privacy processes led to compliance gaps and inefficiencies.

SOLUTION
Automated **100+ processes**, privacy impact assessments, and consent management.
Deployed centralized systems for regulatory monitoring.

IMPACT
Improved compliance transparency and reduced audit risks.
Saved time and costs by streamlining operations.



CASE 2

A Saudi based Group Holding Company

CHALLENGE
Multiple entities sharing data without clear frameworks, risking data misuse.

SOLUTION
Executed shared service agreements and data processing contracts.
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IMPACT
Ensured data minimization and streamlined compliance controls.
Reduced unnecessary data sharing and strengthened legal protections.



Conclusion: The Path Forward

Compliance with KSA's PDPL is both a legal mandate and a business advantage. A structured approach enhances trust, governance, and risk management, while prioritizing accountability, automation, and training ensures robust data privacy practices.

For assistance, consult privacy experts like [Ahlan](#) to gauge readiness.

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